

Introduction

Organizations face increasing pressure to balance competitive pay, transparency, and business priorities in today's dynamic market. This survey explores how employers approach compensation both in terms of their guiding values and principles (**compensation philosophy**) and the specific policies and practices they use (**compensation strategy**).

Definitions for Survey Respondents:

- Compensation Philosophy: The guiding belief system or core principles that shape how your organization views and approaches employee compensation. Think of it as the "why" behind compensation decisions.
- **Compensation Strategy:** This is the **action plan** that puts the philosophy into practice. It includes the specific methods, tools, and policies used to design and manage compensation programs. Think of it as the "**how**" that supports the "**why**".

Your responses will help us understand current benchmarking practices, challenges, and innovations in compensation administration across organizations. Thank you for participating and sharing your insights.

Compensation Philosophy

1.		our organization have a formal compensation philosophy (a set of guiding formal compensation philosophy (a set of guiding formal compensation)?
	0	Yes, we have a formal, documented philosophy
	0	No, but we have informal guiding principles (go to Question 4)
	0	No, we do not have a defined philosophy (go to Question 4)
2.	Which	of the following statements are reflected in your organization's compensation
	philos	ophy? (check all that apply)
		We emphasize pay-for-performance
		We focus on market competitiveness
		We value internal equity
		We take a total rewards approach (compensation, benefits, culture)
		We promote pay transparency
		We aim to attract and retain key talent
		We prioritize compliance with legal/regulatory requirements
		We manage compensation with cost control/budget considerations
		We recognize seniority or tenure
		Our compensation philosophy is shaped by collective bargaining/union agreements
		Other (please specify)
3.	Doesy	our compensation philosophy align with your organization's values, culture and/or

O Yes, closely aligned

O Not alignedO Not sure

O Somewhat aligned, but there is room for improvement

mission?



Compensation Strategy

-		your organization have a formal compensation strategy (a documented approach that
4.	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		our philosophy into practice through specific policies and processes?
		Yes, we have a formal, documented strategy (go to Question 7)
	0	No
5.		dicated that you do not have a formal, documented strategy. As a result, how would you
		be your organization's compensation practices? (check all that apply)
		We follow consistent internal guidelines, but they are not formally documented
		We use market data occasionally, but not as part of a structured strategy
	Ц	We adjust compensation based on budget or organizational priorities, rather than market
	_	data
		Compensation decisions are made at the discretion of individual managers
		Other (please specify)
6.		are the reasons your organization does not have a formal compensation strategy?
	-	call that apply)
		We have not prioritized creating a compensation strategy (go to Question 11)
		We rely on informal pay practices and individual decisions (go to Question 11)
		We do not have the resources or expertise to develop a formal strategy (go to Question 11)
		Compensation decisions are made on a case-by-case basis (go to Question 11)
		Our leadership does not view a formal strategy as necessary (go to Question 11)
		Our organization is too small to justify a formal strategy (go to Question 11)
		We are in the process of developing one (go to Question 11)
		Other (please specify) (go to Question 11)
7.		aspects does your compensation strategy cover? (check all that apply)
		Base pay
		Salary structure and pay grades
		Salary adjustments and increases
		Incentive pay (e.g., bonuses, commissions)
		Benefits (e.g., health and wellness, retirement)
		Perquisites (e.g., transit passes, parking, gym memberships)
		Employee recognition or non-monetary rewards
		Flexible work arrangements (e.g., remote or hybrid work compensation policies)
		Paid time off (e.g., vacations, holidays, personal days)
		Market benchmarking and pay policy position
		Geographic pay differentials
		Pay equity
		Career development and progression
		Cost management and budget alignment
		Regulatory compliance (e.g., pay transparency laws, pay equity laws, overtime laws,
		minimum wage)
		Compensation communication strategy (e.g., how pay decisions are shared with
		employees)



		Integration with performance management systems
		Succession planning or talent pipeline alignment
		Total rewards philosophy (e.g., combining compensation with wellness, development and
		culture)
		Other (please specify)
8.	How o	ften is it reviewed or updated?
	0	Annually
	0	Every 2 to 3 years
	0	Only when necessary (e.g., significant organizational or market changes)
	0	We do not review or update our compensation strategy
9.	Who is	s responsible for developing or overseeing your compensation strategy? (check all that
	apply)	
		HR Department
		Executive Leadership
		Compensation or Benefits Committee
		External Consultant
		Other (please specify)
10.	Does y	our compensation strategy align with your organization's overall business goals or
	missio	on?
	0	Yes, closely aligned
	0	Somewhat aligned, but there is room for improvement
	0	No, it is separate from our business goals
	0	We do not have a clear connection
	0	Not sure
Peer Gr	oup Se	election
11.	How d	o you define your peer group for benchmarking? (check all that apply)
	A peer	group refers to a defined set of organizations your organization compares itself to when
	evalua	ting market compensation levels and practices. These peers may share similar
	charac	eteristics such as same industry, size, location, or business model.
		By industry
		By organizations with comparable products/service offerings
		By geographic region
		By employee headcount (e.g., small, mid-size, large organizations)
		By similar revenues
		By similar regulatory environment
		By talent market or competition for similar roles
		By organizational structure or stage of growth (e.g., startup, mature enterprise)
		Other (please specify)
		We do not use a defined peer group (go to Question 13)



12. For w	nich job categories or levels does your organization use different peer groups? (check all
that a	pply)
	Executive/senior leadership roles
	Middle management roles
	Professional/technical roles
	Entry-level or administrative roles
	Specialized or hard-to-fill roles
	Unionized or bargaining unit roles
	Project-based and/or temporary roles
	Other (please specify)
	Not applicable – we use the same peer group for all employees

Pay Positioning Strategy

A pay positioning strategy is an organization's approach to setting compensation relative to the market. For example, choosing to position pay below, at, or above typical market levels

13. What are your organization's target market positions for base pay, total cash (base salary plus incentive pay) and total compensation (base salary, incentive pay, group benefits, retirement, paid time off, perks)?

	Below 50 th percentile	50 th percentile	Between 50 th & 75 th percentile	75 th percentile	Above 75 th percentile	Varies by functional area/job category or level	No pay positioning strategy
Base Pay	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Cash	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Compensation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Communication

Organizations may communicate their compensation philosophy (the guiding values/principles and beliefs about pay) and/or their compensation strategy (the specific policies and practices used to determine and administer pay) to employees. The following questions explore what is communicated, how, and to whom.

14. Does your organization communicate its compensation philosophy to employees?

- O Yes, across all job categories and levels
- O Yes, but only for certain roles or levels (e.g., executive or specialized roles)
- O Yes, but the communication is informal and inconsistent
- O No, it is not communicated to employees



	your organization communicate its compensation strategy (e.g., market position, pay
-	ces, how pay decisions are made) to employees?
	Yes, across all job categories and levels
	Yes, but only for certain roles or levels (e.g., executive or specialized roles) Yes, but the communication is informal or inconsistent
	No, it is not communicated to employees (go to Question 19)
O	No, it is not communicated to employees (go to Question 13)
	s the organization's compensation philosophy and/or strategy communicated? (check
	t apply)
	Included in offer letters or onboarding materials
	Through employee handbooks or policy documents
	Via internal presentations or company-wide meetings
	Via the intranet or internal HR portal
	Via manager-led discussions or team-meetings
	Through compensation statements or pay summaries
	During performance reviews
Ц	Other (please specify)
17. To wh	at extent do employees understand how their compensation is determined?
0	Very well – employees clearly understand the components and rationale behind their
	compensation
0	Moderately – employees have a general understanding but lack clarity on specific aspects
	Minimally – employees are aware of their pay but not how it is determined
	Not at all – employees are unaware of how compensation decisions are made
0	Not sure – we have not assessed employee understanding on this topic
	r organization satisfied with the current level of employee understanding about
-	ensation?
	Yes, the current level of understanding is intentional and appropriate
	No, we are actively working to improve employee understanding
	No, but improving understanding is not currently a priority
O	Not sure
19. Has y	our organization received feedback from employees about compensation fairness or
transp	parency?
0	Yes, we regularly collect and review employee feedback through formal channels (e.g.,
	employee surveys, focus groups)
0	Yes, we have received informal feedback (e.g., through conversations, performance
	reviews, exit interviews)
	No, we have not received any feedback on this topic
	No, but we plan to gather feedback in the future
\circ	Not sure/no formal mechanism exists to gather such feedback



-	our organization seen an increase in employee questions about how compensation is
	nined, due to recent attention on pay transparency?
	Yes, significantly more questions are being asked
	Yes, a slight increase in questions
	No noticeable change (go Question 22)
0	No, employees have not raised questions about how compensation is determined (go Question 22)
0	Not sure (go Question 22)
21. How is	s your organization responding to increased interest in pay transparency? (check all that
apply)	
	Updating internal communication materials
	Providing Manager training for compensation conversations
	Revising compensation policies or documentation
	Hosting Q&A sessions or forums
	No specific actions taken
	Other (please specify)
Use of Market	t Data
22. Exclud	ling any internal data analysis, which external market data sources does your
	zation use to inform compensation decisions? (check all that apply)
_	Published industry-specific compensation surveys
	Published general market compensation surveys
	Custom survey data or report from HR/compensation consulting firms
	Publicly-available data (e.g., Statistics Canada, Government data)
	Professional associations
	Job postings
	Crowdsourced/pay transparency websites (e.g., Glassdoor, etc.)
	Recruitment agencies/executive search firm data
	Union agreements/collective bargaining agreements
	Formal or informal sharing with peer organizations or competitors Published research reports/academic studies
	·
	Other (please specify)
Ц	None of the above
	requently does your organization typically use market data to review or update
-	ensation?
	Annually
	Every 2 to 3 years
	Ad hoc (we update as needed for specific roles or business needs)
	We do not update compensation based on market data
0	Other (please specify)



24.	Does y roles?	our organization use market data for all roles across the organization or for select
		All roles across the organization (go to Question 26) Select roles
25.	For wh	nich roles do your organization use market data? (check all that apply)
		Executive/senior leadership roles
		Middle management roles
		Professional/technical roles
		Entry-level or administrative roles
		Specialized or hard-to-fill roles
		Unionized or bargaining unit roles
		Project-based and/or temporary roles
		Other (please specify)
26.	How d	oes your organization use market data to set compensation? (check all that apply)
		To set base pay rates
		To establish salary ranges or pay bands
		To set target compensation levels (e.g., midpoint, 75th percentile)
		To guide starting salaries/offers for new hires
		To identify pay adjustments required for specific roles or groups
		To benchmark incentive or variable pay programs
		To benchmark benefits or total rewards offerings
		To benchmark compensation policies and/or practices
		To support pay equity reviews/compliance requirements
		To inform our overall compensation strategy or philosophy
		Other (please specify)
27.	What o	challenges does your organization presently face in maintaining its desired market
	positio	on? (check all that apply)
		Budget constraints (e.g., limited funding for market adjustments)
		Rapid market changes (e.g., salaries shifting faster than annual review cycles)
		Internal alignment/leadership priorities (e.g., lack of consensus on desired market positioning)
		Retention pressures (e.g., employees leaving for higher market pay)
		Pay equity considerations (e.g., balancing competitiveness with internal fairness)
		Geographic variability (e.g., different labour pressures across regions)
		No significant challenges
		Other (please specify)

The previous question focused on overall challenges in maintaining market position. The next question looks specifically at difficulties in working with external market data.



	challenges does your organization encounter when using external market data sources
	rm compensation decisions? (check all that apply)
	Market data is too expensive or not within budget
	Limited relevance of available data to our industry or region
	Difficulties finding appropriate job matches or comparators (e.g., unique or hybrid roles not easily benchmarked)
	Concerns about accuracy or reliability of market data
	Results can be outdated by the time they are available
	Lack of internal expertise or resources to analyze and apply the data
	Data does not align with our pay structures or unique roles
	Other (please specify)
	No significant challenges
Technology &	
	at extent does your organization rely on technology or automated processes (e.g.,
=	ensation management software, survey data uploads, or analytics tools) to support
	marking or pay decisions?
	We rely heavily on automation/technology
	We use a mix of automated and manual processes
	We rely mainly on manual processes
0	Not sure
30. Which	type(s) of technology or automated tools does your organization use? (check all that
apply)	
	Compensation management systems (e.g., pay planning software, integrated HRIS modules)
	Automated survey data uploads or market data integration tools
	Data visualization/dashboards (e.g., Business Intelligence (BI) or analytics tools)
	Excel or manual spreadsheets
	Spreadsheet models with built-in automation (e.g., macros, linked templates)
	Al-enabled tools for compensation analysis or recommendations
	Other (please specify)
	None of the above
31. What I	benefits has your organization obtained from using technology/automation in
compe	ensation benchmarking or pay decisions? (check all that apply)
	Increased efficiency in processing data
	Improved accuracy and reduced errors
	Faster decision-making
	More consistent application of compensation practices
	Better reporting and insights for leadership
	Enhanced employee experience (e.g., clearer communication, transparency)
	Other (please specify)
	None of the above



processes? (check all that apply) Cost of systems/tools Integration with existing HR/finance systems Lack of internal expertise to use tools effectively Concerns about data privacy/security Limited functionality of current tools Resistance to change from leadership or managers Other (please specify) Few or no challenges		challenges does your organization face with technology/automation in compensation
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Future Planning & Innovation

36. Is your organization planning to revise its compensation philosophy and/or compensation strategy in the next 12 months?

	Develop a formal document- ed policy	Develop informal guidelines	Formalize existing informal guidelines	Revise existing formal policy	No Change	Not Sure
Compensation Philosophy	0	0	0	0	0	0
Compensation Strategy	0	0	0	0	0	0
					(go to Que	estion 38)

	☐ Base pay structure
	□ Incentive plans
[☐ Benefits offerings
	□ Pay equity initiatives
]	☐ Market benchmarking practices
[Other (please specify)
_	our organization currently exploring or considering any of the following compensation
	dels? (check all that apply)
	Skills-based pay
	☐ Career/skills progression-based pay
	 Pay-for-performance beyond base salary (e.g., outcome-based incentives, team-based incentives)
	□ Equity-based rewards (e.g., stock options, profit sharing)
	\square Flexible or personalized compensation packages (e.g., tailoring pay mix to individual needs
	Other (please specify)
[□ None of the above – we are maintaining traditional models
_	onal Information
	us to send you the results of the survey, please complete the following:
_	anization Name:
	son Completing Survey:
Posi	ition Title:
Ema	ail Address:
40 Whi	ch sector describes your organization?
	Private Sector
	Public Sector
	Not-for-Profit Sector
	Not for Front occion
41. How	v many employees (both full-time and part-time) do you have in Canada? (if unsure, please
	mate)
@ Western Co	omponention & Panafita Consultanta



42.	Wł	nat were the approximate annual revenues/operating budget last fiscal year?
		Less than 25 million
	0	\$25 million to \$50 million
	0	>\$50 million to \$100 million
	0	>\$100 million to \$500 million
	0	>\$500 million to \$1 billion
	0	Over \$1 billion
13	\ \ /}	nat is the appropriate industry classification for your organization?
40.		Agriculture, fishing, and hunting
		Forestry and forest products
		Mining, quarrying and oil & gas extraction
		Utilities
		Construction
		Manufacturing
		Wholesale trade
		Retail trade
		Transportation & warehousing
		Information & cultural industries
		Finance & insurance
		Real estate & rental & leasing
		Professional, scientific & technical services
		Technology
		Management of companies & enterprises
		Administrative & support, waste management & remediation services
		Educational services
	0	Healthcare & social assistance
	0	Arts, entertainment, recreation, tourism, hospitality
	0	Accommodation & food services
	0	Other services (except public administration)
		Public administration
	0	Associations & Regulatory Bodies
	0	Other (please specify)
4.4	11.	wedid was base about this was a such project 20
44.		w did you hear about this research project?
		Email invitation (from WCBC)
		Work we have done with WCBC in the past
		From a colleague or peer
		Social media (LinkedIn, Facebook, X) WCBC website
	\circ	MACDC MEDOILE

O Other (please specify)

O Unsure



45.	Please provide any comments you may have on this survey:
	Are there any topics that your organization would like to see in future online surveys? We would appreciate your suggestions below: